

SETH CHUNILAL AMARCHAND BOHRA LAW COLLEGE, RAICHUR.









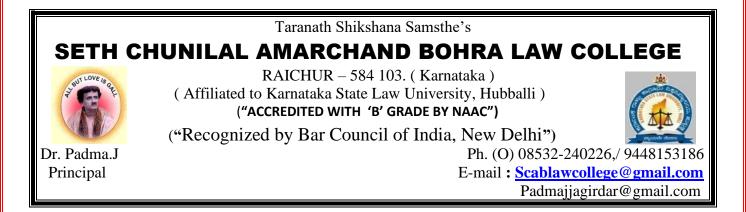


(Estd :1974) Grant in Aid : 2015 Manikprabhu Temple Road, RAICHUR – 584103 Tel No : 08532 -240226 / 944815386 AFFILIATED TO KARNATAKA STATE LAW UNIVERSITY, HUBBALLI. Aided by Government of Karnataka. 2Approved and Recognized by Bar Council of India, NEW DELHI. ACCREDITED WITH 'B' GRADE BY NAAC Recognized under Sec 2 (f) & 12 B of UGC Act AISHE CODE : C- 9825 Email id : scablawcollege@gmail.com

CRITERION 3 - RESEARCH INNOVATION AND EXTENSION

Key Indicator - 3.3 Extension Activities

Metric No. 3.3.3: *Students participating in Lokadaalat/Para Legal Volunteering/Pro-bono, PIL etc and the outcomes are evident.*



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SL. NO.	PARTICULARS
1	LOK ADAALAT VARIOUS DISTRICT
2	POLICE STATION VISIT
3	HIGH COURT VISIT
4	SUPREME COURT VISIT
5	FORENSIC LAB VISIT

C. P.B. LAW COLLE

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Students participating in Raichur District Court Lokadaalat



Students participating in Sindhanur Lokadaalat



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Students participating in Sindhanur Lokadaalat



PRINCIPAL SETH CHUNILAL AMARCHAND BOHRA LAW COLLEGE, RAICHUR-584 103.







Visit to Nyaya Degula at High Court, Banglore - Para Legal Training



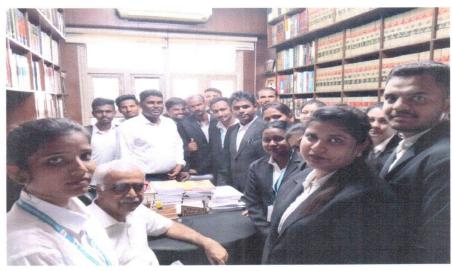
Visit to Raichur District Central Jail - Para Legal Training







Supreme Court Delhi Visit - Para Legal Training





PRINCIPAL SETH CHUNILAL AMARCHAND POHRA LAW COLLEGE, BAICHUR-584 160.



Students participating in Lingasugur Lokadaalat





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Sadar Bazar Police Station Raichur visit - Para Legal Training



Students Participant - Para Legal Training



PRINCIPAL SETH CHUNILAL AMARCHAND POURA LAW COLLEGE, RAICHUR-584 100.





COURSE-IV: CLINICAL COURSE-I:

PROFESSIONAL ETHICS AND PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTING SYSTEM

Objective:

Professions are noble. The movement of all professions, hitherto, has been from chaos to organization, organization to consolidation and consolidation to autonomy and monopoly. Same is true of the law profession also. The prime reason for conferring autonomy and monopoly by the society on the professionals is the fact that they are a body of learned persons and the interest of society and individuals is safe in their hands. The Bar should set enviable standards of ethics and scrupulously adhere to them as also enforce them. It is too good of the society to trust the learned body of the professionals to regulate themselves and not to empower an outsider to sit in judgment over their activities. The trust reposed by the society in profession is to be zealously guarded. The Bar should live up to the expectations of the society. The society has a right to expect of the professionals such ideal behaviour. The course is designed to imbue students with these high values forming the basis of the profession so that they can live up to those standards in their professional life.

Course contents:

UNIT-I

The legal profession and its responsibilities; The equipment of the lawyer; Conduct in Court; Professional conduct in general; Privileges of a lawyer; Salient features of the *Advocates Act*, *1961*.

UNIT-II

Duty to the Court; Duty to the profession; Duty to the opponent; Duty to the client; Duty to the self; Duty to the public and the State.

UNIT-III

Contempt of Court Act, 1972.

Selected major judgments of the Supreme Court:

- 1. In the matter of D, An Advocate, AIR 1956 SC 102.
- 2. P.J.Ratnam v. D.Kanikaram, AIR1964 SC 244.
- 3. N.B.Mirzan v. The disciplinary committee of Bar Council of Maharastra and Another, AIR 1972 SC 46.

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- 4. Bar Council Of Maharastra v. M.V.Dabholkar. etc., AIR 1976 SC 242.
- 5. V.C.Rangadurai v. D.Goplan and others, AIR 1979 SC 201.
- 6. Chandra ShekharSoni v. Bar Council of Rajasthan and Others, AIR 1983 SC 1012.

COURSE-V: CLINICAL COURSE-III:

DRAFTING, PLEADING AND CONVEYANCE

Objectives:

Translation of thoughts into words- spoken and written is an essential ingredient of an effective lawyer. The students should be trained in drafting of pleadings and conveyances and other essential documents. The skill of drafting can be acquired and sharpened by undertaking the exercises under the supervision of an expert in the field. The course aims at equipping the students with drafting skills.

Course contents:

- 1. General principles of drafting and relevant substantive rules.
- 2. Pleadings- Civil: plaint, written statement, interlocutory application, original petition, affidavit, execution petition, memorandum of appeal and revision, petition under Art.226 and Art.32 of the Constitution of India.
- 3. Pleadings- Criminal: complaint, criminal miscellaneous petition, bail application, memorandum of appeal and revision.
- 4. Conveyance: sale deed, mortgage deed, lease deed, gift deed, promissory note, power of attorney, will, trust deed, partition deed, etc.
- 5. Drafting of writ petition and Public Interest Litigation petition.

This course shall be taught through class room instructions and simulation exercises preferably with the assistance of practicing lawyers or retired judges.

Examination and allocation of marks:

- 1 Each Student shall undertake 15 practical exercises in drafting of Pleadings carrying 45 marks (3 marks for each exercise).
- Each student shall undertake 15 practical exercises in Conveyancing, which carries 45 2 marks (3 marks each).
- The above-mentioned drafting of Pleadings and Conveyancing exercises shall be in the 3 handwriting of the students on one side of the bond size papers. The papers shall be bound accompanied by a certificate signed by the course teacher and the principal to the effect that it is the bonafide work of the concerned candidate.
- The cover shall indicate the name of the examination, subject, seat number, and the center code number.

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5 There shall be a contents page.

At the end of the semester, the student shall appear for a viva voce, which shall carry 10 marks. Viva- to be conducted by the Principal and the course teacher.